

Progression of Skills in History.

At Cobbs Brow Primary School, we are good historians when we use our skills...

SKILLS	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Enquiry, interpretation and using sources	 Make simple observations about different people, events, beliefs and communities. Use sources to answer simple questions about the past e.g. 	 Use sources to address historically valid questions and hypotheses about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. Ask questions e.g. 'How did?' 'Why were?' 'What was important?' Recognise that our knowledge of the past is constructed from primary and secondary sources of evidence Recognise how sources of evidence are used to make historical 	 Use a wide range of sources as a basis for research to answer questions and to test hypotheses Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change and continuity, cause and consequence, similarity and difference, and significance. Ask questions such as, "How did life change?" 'Why do we remember?" 'Why do people disagree?"
	which object is older? How do we know? - Ask and answer questions about the past through observing, handling and using a range of sources such as objects, pictures,		
	stories, plays, songs, film clips, buildings, museum displays and people talking about their past. Consider why things may change over time	claims. Ask questions such as, 'What might this tell us about?'	 Recognise how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of different sources
	 Recognise some of the reasons why people in the past acted as they did. Ask questions e.g. what was different?' 	 Recognise that different versions of past events may exist. Recognise why some events happened and what happened as a result. Ask questions such as, 'Why did?' 'What were the effects?' Describe some of the different ways the past can be represented e.g. through artists' pictures, museum displays, films and written sources. Identify historically significant people and events in different situations 	Give some reasons for contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past. Ask, 'Why have different stories Assume that developing a second contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past. Ask, 'Why have different stories are the past of the past o
	 Identify some of the basic ways the past can be represented e.g. through pictures 		 been told about?' Describe the results of historical events, situations and changes e.g. the impact on people's lives Evaluate sources and make inferences Choose relevant sources of evidence to support particular lines
	Choose parts of stories and other sources to show what they know about significant people and events		
			of enquiry Recognise that some events, people and changes are judged as more historically significant than others
Chronology	 Recognise the distinction between past and present. Place a few events or objects in order using common phrases to show the passing of time (old, new/young, days, months and years). Recognise that their own lives are similar/different from the lives of people in the past Identify some similarities and differences between ways of life at different times. Use common words and phrases relating to the passing of time such as before, after, yesterday, past, last year, a long time ago 	 Place events into different periods using the appropriate historical terminology e.g. decade, century, ancient, Roman, Egyptian, BC, AD, CE, BCE etc. Identify where people and events fit into a chronological framework by noting connections, trends and contrasts over time Recognise historical events as a coherent, chronological narrative from the earliest times to the present day. Explore main events, situations, changes and links within (and across) different periods e.g. differences/similarities between clothes, food, buildings or transport. 	 Sequence events and periods using appropriate terms e.g. chronology, legacy, continuity, change, trends Identify where people, places and periods fit into a chronological framework by analysing connections, changes, trends and contrasts over time. Establish clear chronological narratives across periods and within themes e.g. transport, beliefs, homes etc. Describe and make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods of time, as well as between short- and long-term timescales
Communication	 Use a variety of historical terms such as invention, discovery, explorer, king/queen, history, long ago etc. Use historical concepts such as now/then and same/different when making simple connections and noting contrasts 	 Describe significant aspects of ancient history, local history, characteristics of societies, and achievements of mankind. Discuss some of the connections between local, regional, national and international history 	 Describe and explain significant aspects of non-European societies as well as settlements in Britain Discuss how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world
	 Describe special or significant events in their own lives Demonstrate simple historical concepts and events through speaking, role-play, and picture stories 	 Talk and write about historical events and changes by selecting and organising historical information and dates Discuss historical issues and changes 	 Describe aspects of cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history

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	 Retell simple stories about people and events from the past Talk about who/what was significant/important in a simple historical account 	 Use relevant and appropriate historical terms such as settlement, invasion, primary/secondary evidence, civilization, empire etc. 	 Present answers to historical questions and hypotheses by selecting and organising relevant information using appropriate dates and terms.
		 Communicate historical findings through a range of methods including the use of ICT, maps and timelines 	 Discuss and debate historical issues acknowledging contrasting evidence and opinions
		Produce own accounts that make some connections and describe some contrasts	 Use appropriate vocabulary when discussing and describing historical events and concepts e.g. bias, reliability, democracy, parliament, peasantry and society
			 Choose the most appropriate way of communicating historical findings including the use of ICT, maps and timelines
			Produce structured work that makes connections, provides contrasting evidence and analyses trends